

Fishbone Fern

Botanical Name: Nephrolepis cordiflora

Family:

DAVALLIACEAE



Photo: Ku-ring-gai Council

SPECIAL NOTE: The root system spreads effectively to seal off the soil surface and reduce penetration of rainwater.

Description:

A native of south-east Queensland, Fishbone Fern is a groundcover with fronds up to 1 m high. It forms large clumps growing outwards from a central core within a short time

Many water tubers are attached to the dense rhizome network

Tiny brown spores are on the underside of fronds.

Dispersal:

Its spores are spread by wind. It is also spread by water and dumping. It spreads vegetatively from its thin wiry underground rhizomes.

Impact on Bushland:

The root system spreads effectively to seal off the soil surface and reduce the penetration of rainwater. It effectively out competes other groundcovers.

Control:

The whole plant is easily dug out.

Manual: The water tubers will not regrow, but as they are closely attached to the thin rhizome network, it is best to remove the entire root system.

Dispose of carefully and systematically weed out new regrowth.

Chemical: Please contact your local control authority for advice on chemical control.

Similar Species:

Native ferns such as Rasp Fern (*Doodia aspera*) and Pelleaea falcata

Suggested Alternatives:

Tree Ferns, Maidenhair Ferns (Adiantum spp), Rasp Fern (Doodia Sp), Blady Grass (Imperata cylindrica).